#### **Key Messages from IPCC WGIII AR5**

IDCC INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON CLIMATE CHARGE

### **CLIMATE CHANGE 2014** *Mitigation of Climate Change*

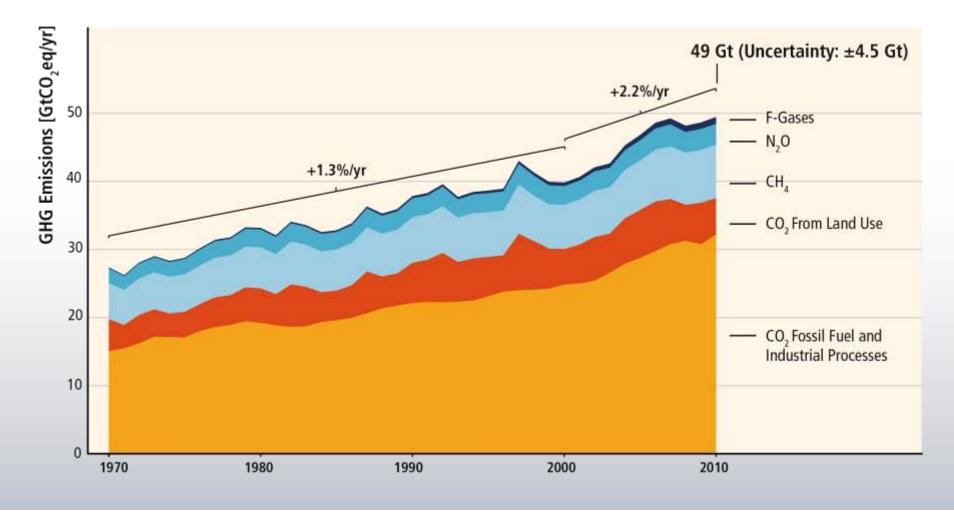
Priyadarshi R. Shukla and Jim Skea IPCC WGIII Co-Chairs

Understanding Climate Change & Enabling Climate Actions with a Special Focus on Mountain Systems of the Hindu Kush Himalayas Outreach event on IPCC Role and Findings, 11 Apr 2017 to 13 Apr 2017, Kathmandu (Nepal)



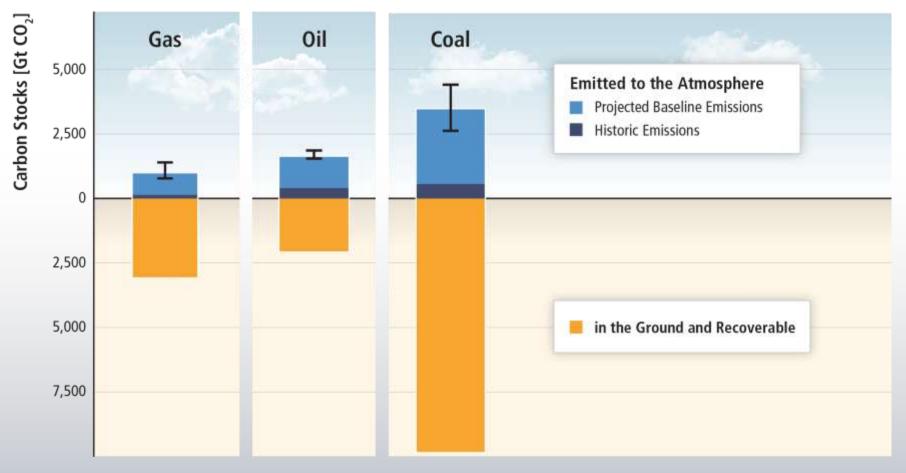
# GHG emissions growth has accelerated despite reduction efforts.

### But emissions growth has accelerated in the last decade – driven by CO<sub>2</sub> from fossil fuel combustion





# There is far more carbon in the ground than emitted in any baseline scenario.

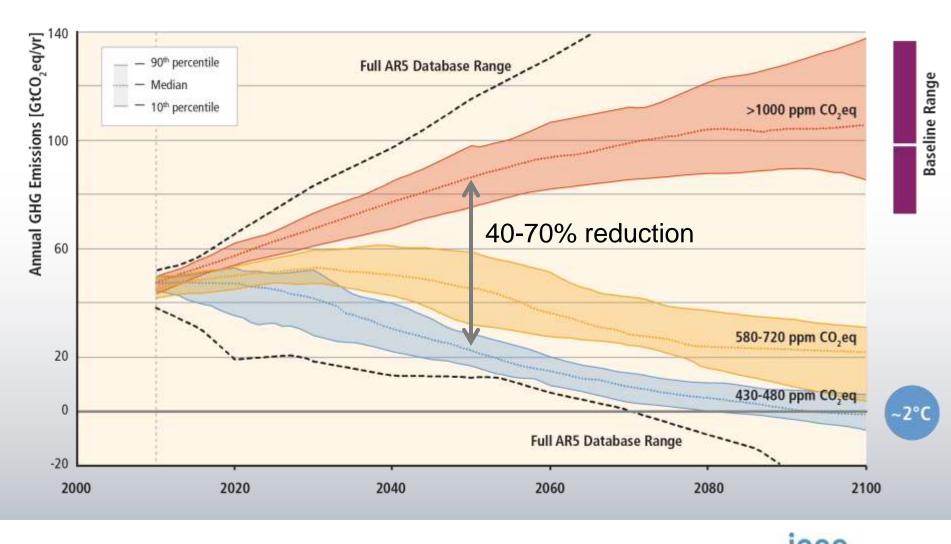


Based on SRREN Figure 1.7



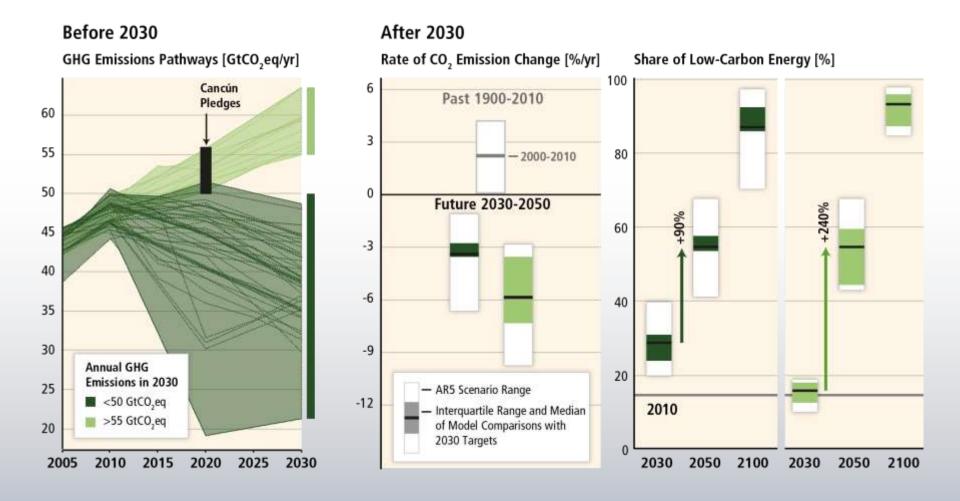
### Climate change mitigation is possible – and early action will make it easier

#### Stabilising the atmosphere means moving away from businessas-usual – regardless of how ambitious we are.



INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON CIIM

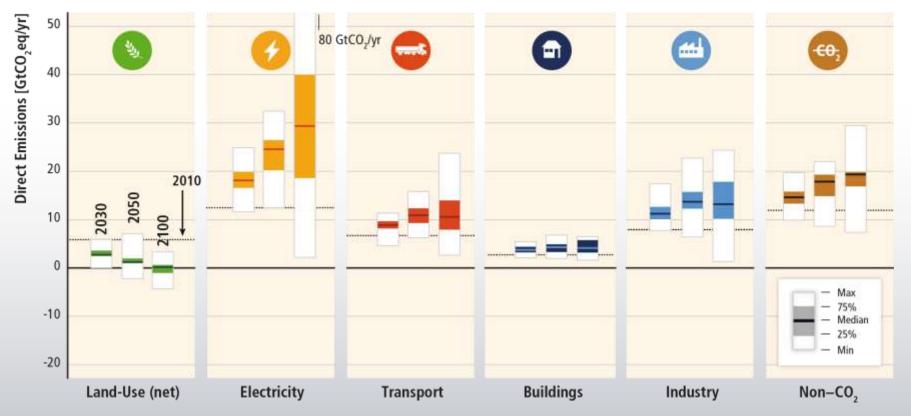
# Delaying mitigation until 2030 increases the difficulty and narrows the options for limiting warming to 2°C.





### Ambitious mitigation involves transformation of the energy system.

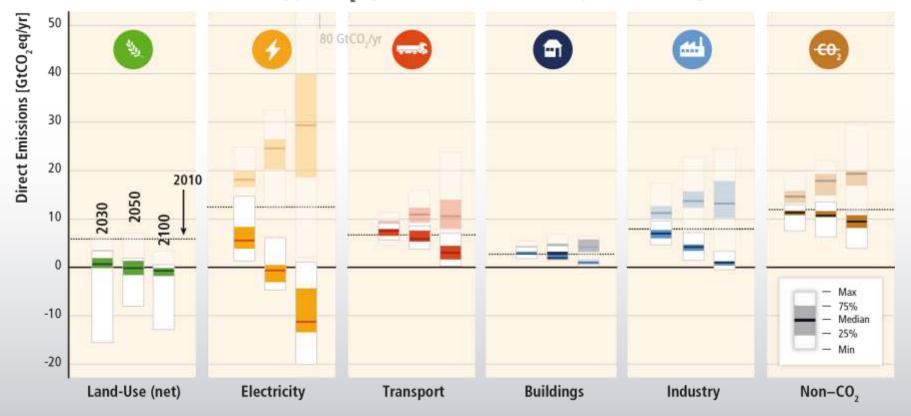
# Emission patterns would need to change throughout the economy.



#### BASELINES



# Emission patterns would need to change throughout the economy.



#### 450 ppm CO<sub>2</sub>eq with Carbon Dioxide Capture & Storage



### Reducing energy demand is key - efficiency *and* behavioural change.

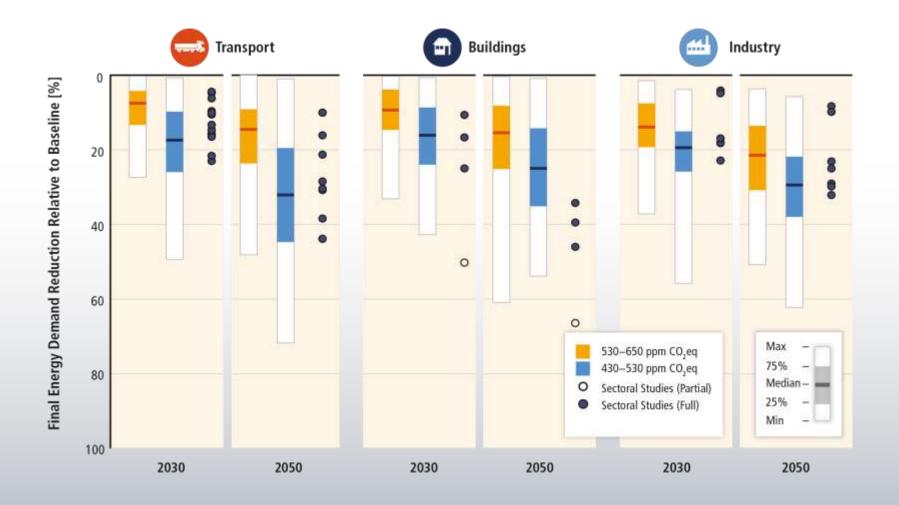








#### Reducing energy demand is key





### Decarbonization of energy supply would be needed

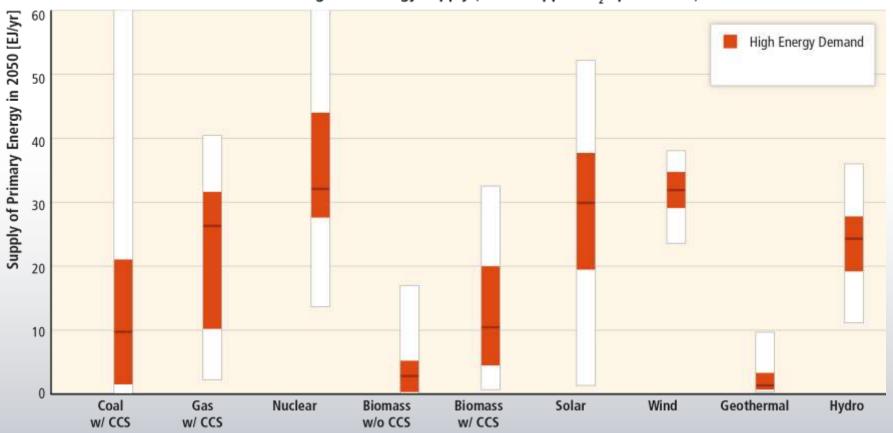








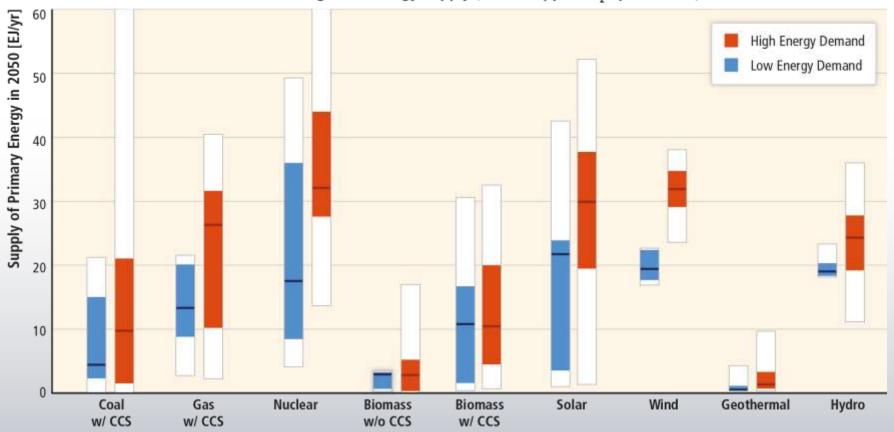
#### Decarbonization of energy supply would be needed.



#### Contribution of Low Carbon Technologies to Energy Supply (430-530 ppm CO<sub>2</sub>eq Scenarios)



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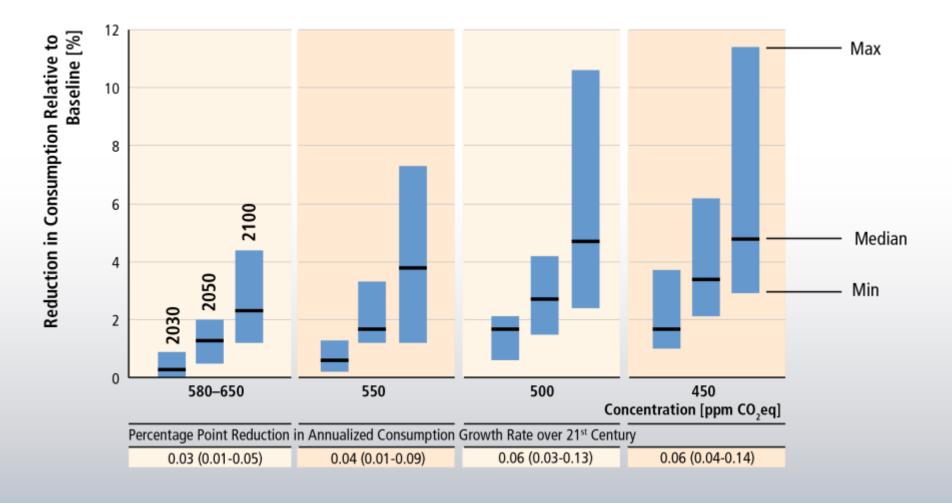


#### Contribution of Low Carbon Technologies to Energy Supply (430-530 ppm CO<sub>2</sub>eq Scenarios)



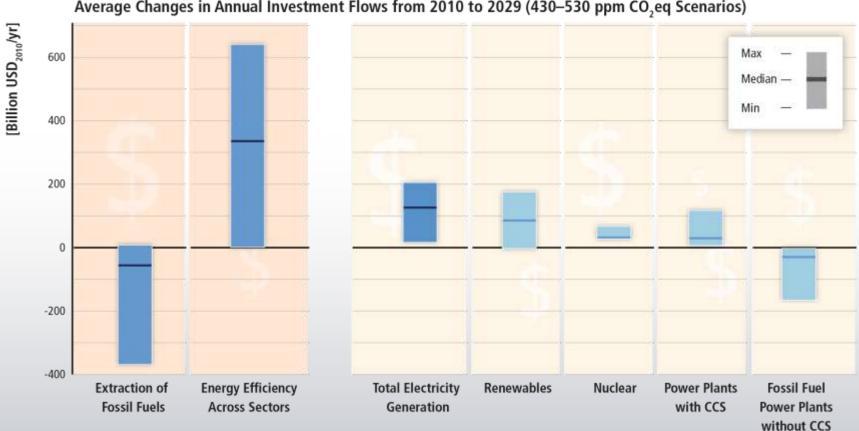
### Mitigation comes at a cost, but strong economic growth can continue.

#### Global costs rise with the ambition of the mitigation goal.





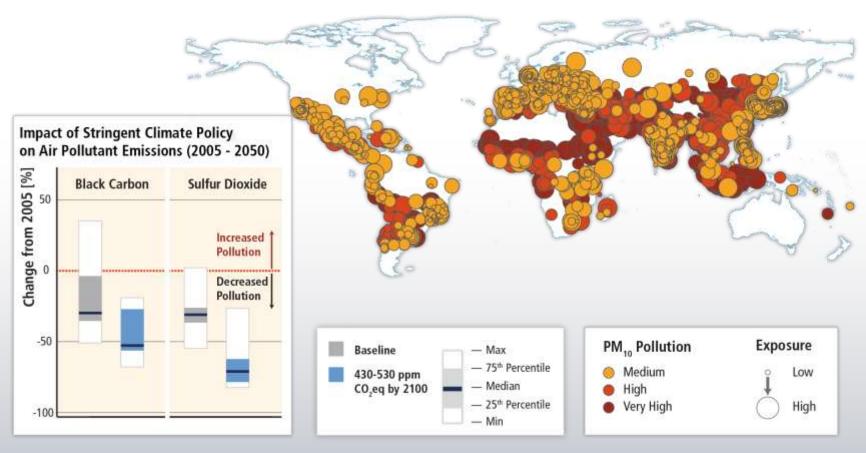
#### Substantial reductions in emissions would require large changes in investment patterns.



Average Changes in Annual Investment Flows from 2010 to 2029 (430–530 ppm CO<sub>2</sub>eq Scenarios)



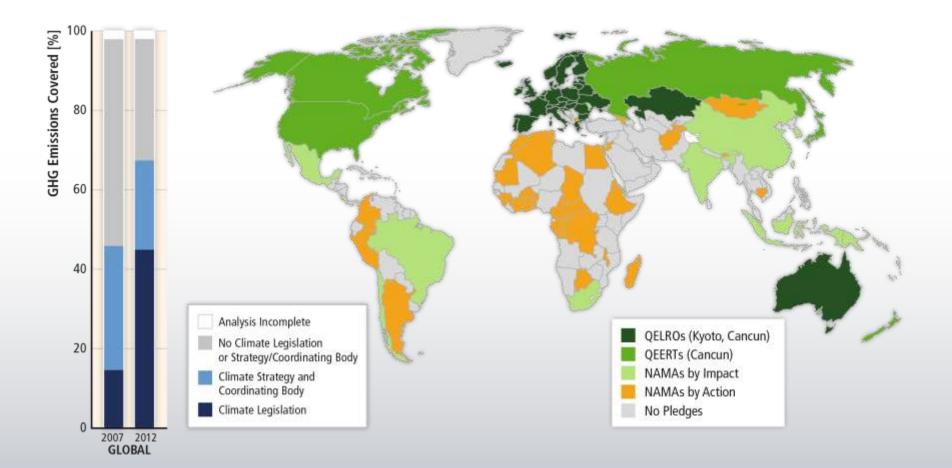
### Climate change mitigation can bring co-benefits – health, energy security and other societal goals.



Based on Figures SPM.6 and 12.23



#### Plans and strategies have expanded since 2007.







# Thank you