



on less than 2 Pages

Summary for Policymakers ca. 14,000 Words

14 Chapters, >10⁶ Words Atlas of Regional Projections

54,677 Review Comments by 1089 Experts

2010: 259 Authors Selected

2009: WGI Outline Approved

INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON Climate change

CLIMATE CHANGE 2013

The Physical Science Basis

WORKING GROUP I CONTRIBUTION TO THE FIFTH ASSESSMENT REPORT OF THE INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON CLIMATE CHANGE

WG I



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INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON CLIMATE CHANGE

Observation

Understanding

Future

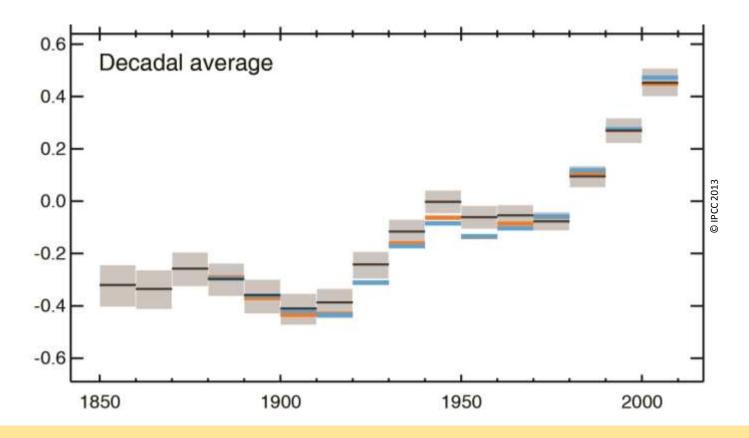
CLIMATE CHANGE 2013

The Physical Science Basis

WORKING GROUP I CONTRIBUTION TO THE FIFTH ASSESSMENT REPORT OF THE INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON CLIMATE CHANGE

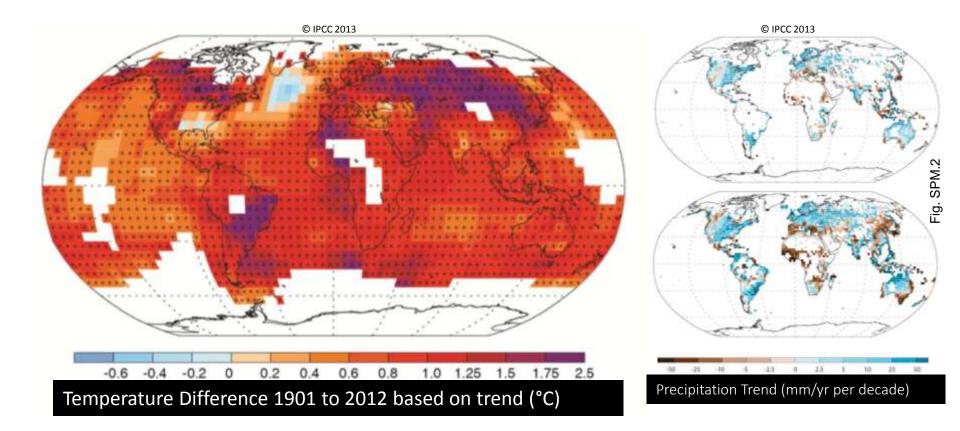
WGI



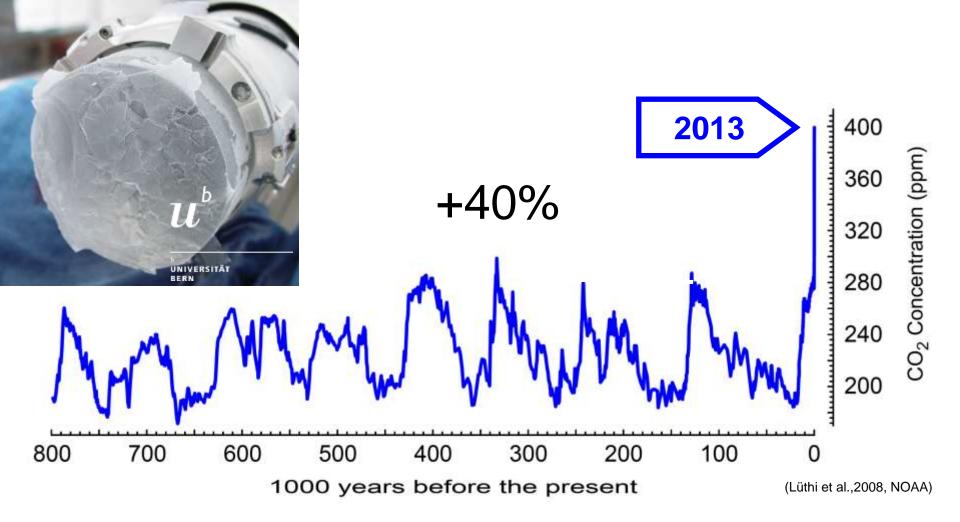


Each of the last three decades has been successively warmer at the Earth's surface than any preceding decade since 1850.

In the Northern Hemisphere, 1983–2012 was *likely* the warmest 30year period of the last 1400 years (*medium confidence*).



Warming of the climate system is unequivocal, [...]



The atmospheric concentrations of carbon dioxide, methane, and nitrous oxide have increased to levels unprecedented in at least the last 800,000 years.

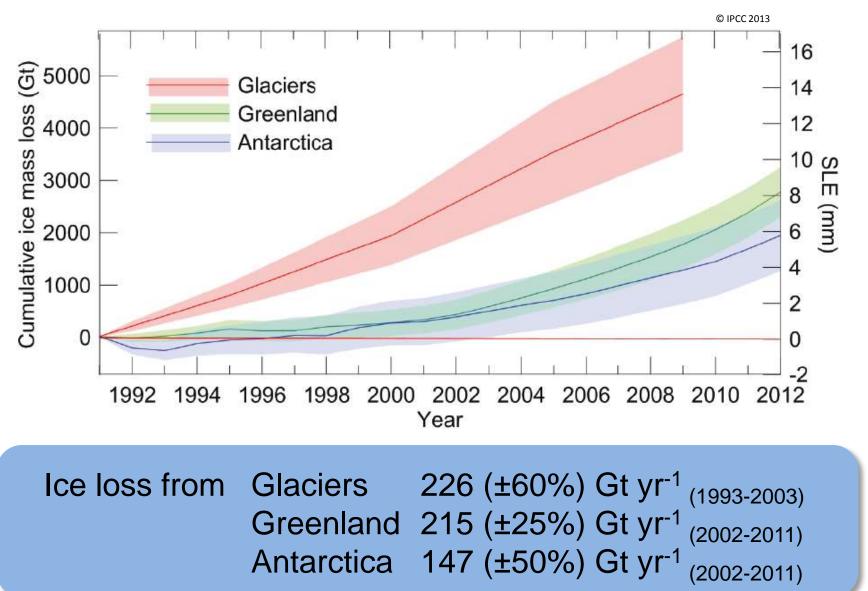
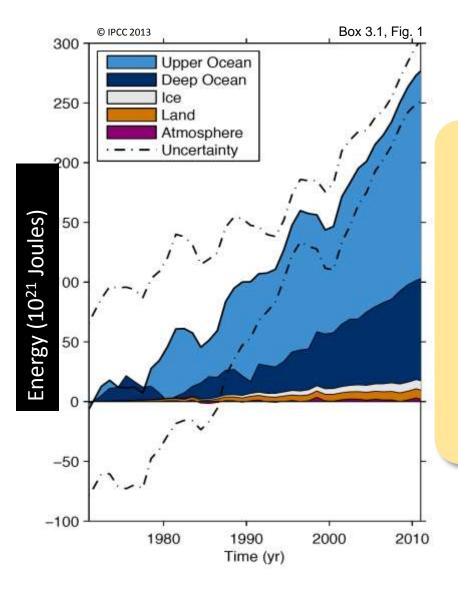
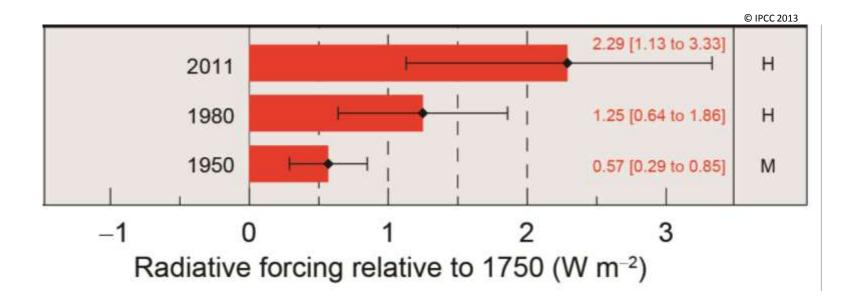


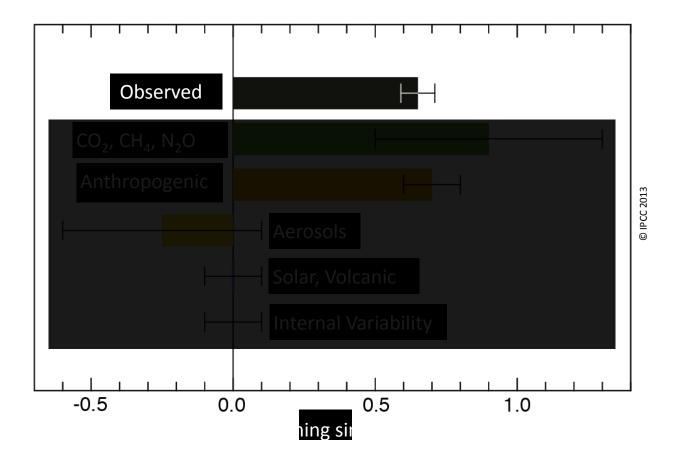
Fig. TS.3



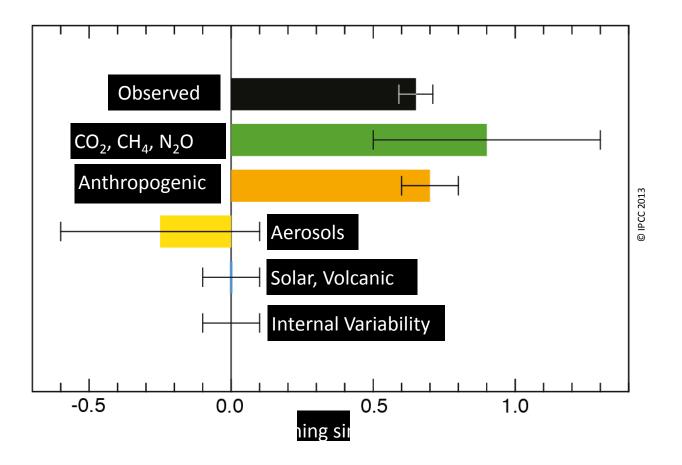
Ocean warming dominates the increase in energy stored in the climate system, accounting for more than 90% of the energy accumulated between 1971 and 2010 (*high confidence*).



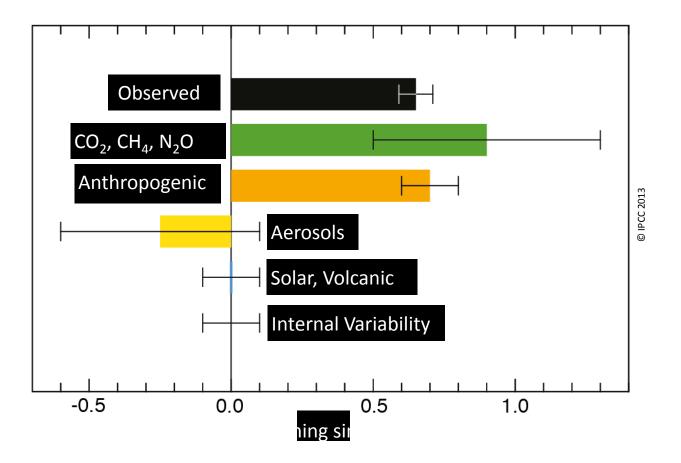
Total radiative forcing is positive, and has led to an uptake of energy in the climate system. The largest contribution [...] is caused by the increase in the atmospheric concentration of CO_2 since 1750.



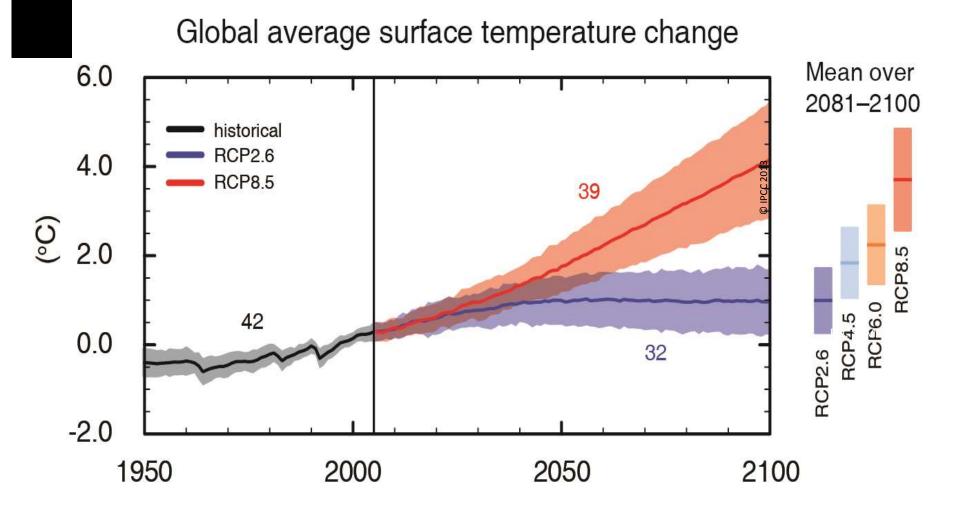
The observed warming 1951–2010 is approximately 0.6°C to 0.7°C.



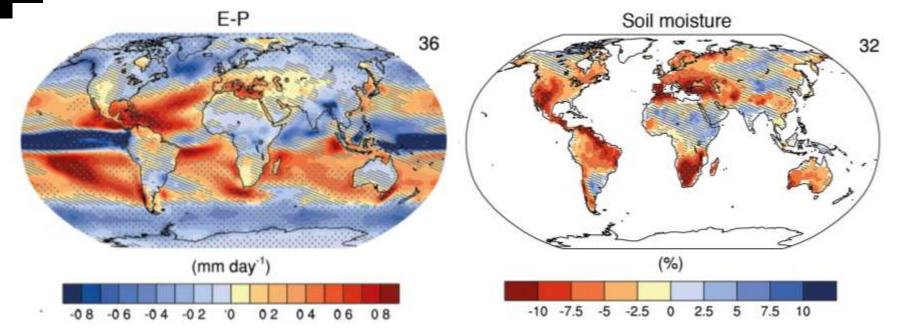
It is *extremely likely* that human influence has been the dominant cause of the observed warming since the mid-20th century.



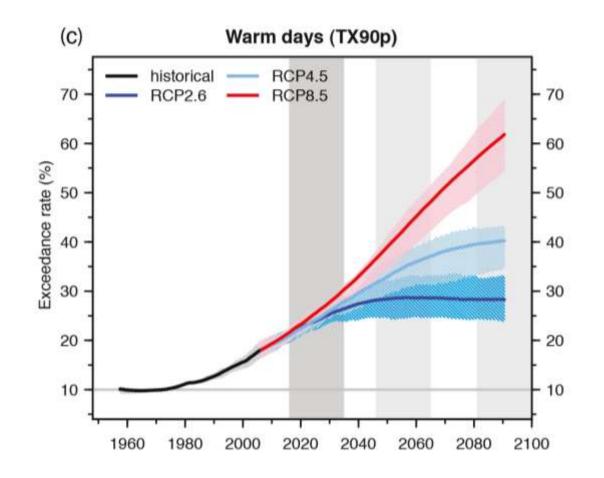
Human influence on the climate system is clear.



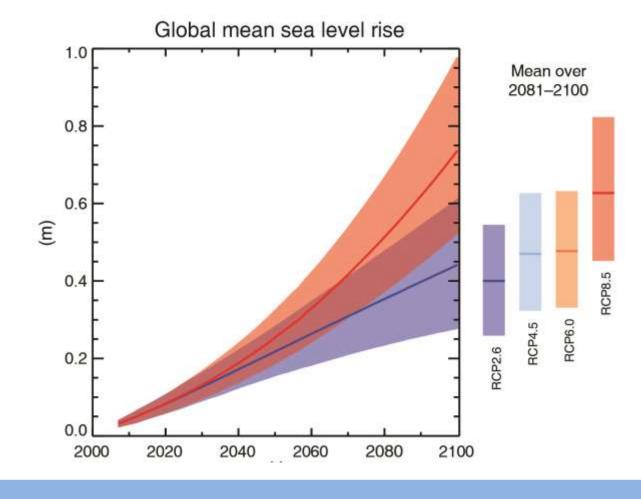
Global mean surface temperature change from 1986-2005



The contrast in precipitation between wet and dry regions and between wet and dry seasons will increase, [...]

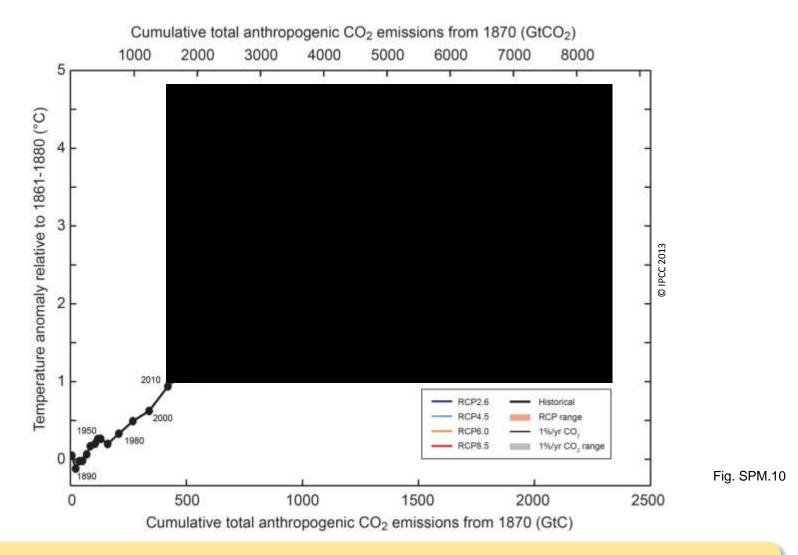


It is *very likely* that heat waves will occur with higher frequency and duration. Occasional cold winter extremes will continue to occur.

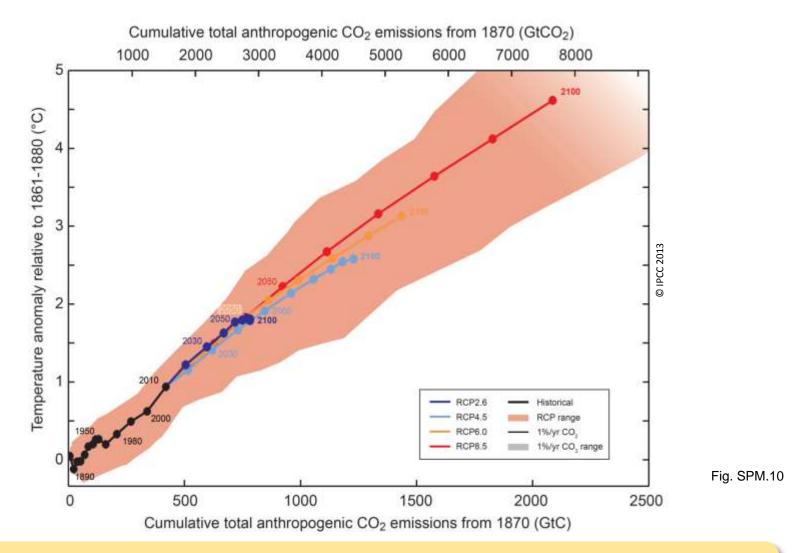


 RCP2.6 (2081-2100), *likely* range:
 26 to 55 cm

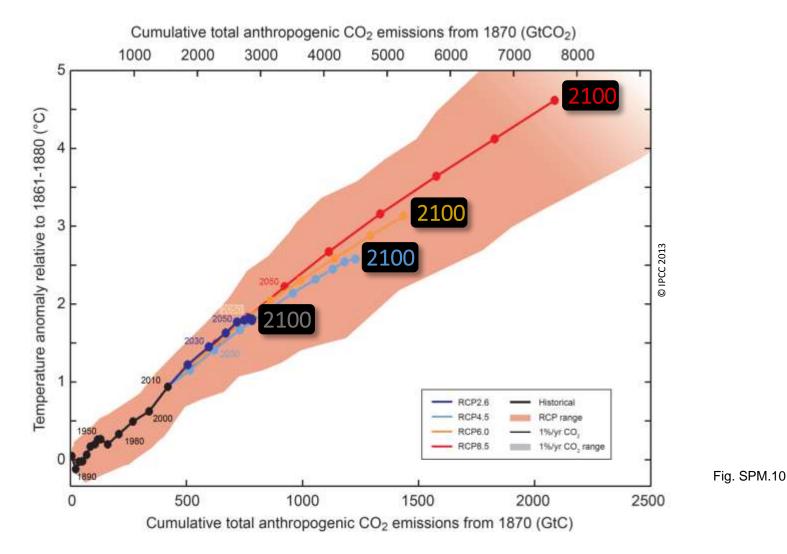
 RCP8.5 (in 2100), *likely* range:
 52 to 98 cm



Cumulative emissions of CO_2 largely determine global mean surface warming by the late 21st century and beyond.



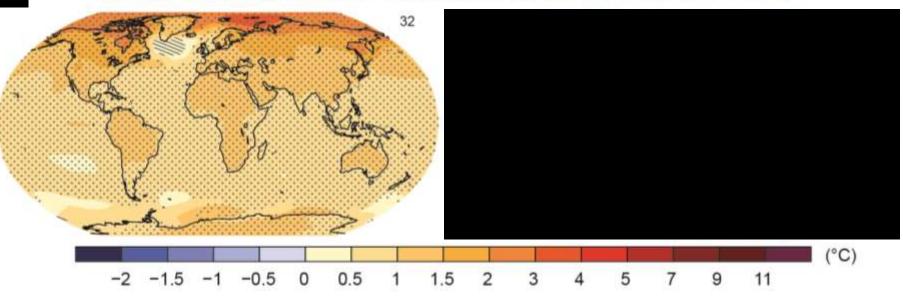
Limiting climate change will require substantial and sustained reductions of greenhouse gas emissions.



Limiting climate change will require substantial and sustained reductions of greenhouse gas emissions.

RCP2.6

Change in average surface temperature (1986-2005 to 2081-2100)



Choice?

OVERVIEW OF WGI AR5 OUTLINE

14 CHAPTERS

INTRODUCTION	Сн. 1	
O BSERVATIONS AND PALEOCLIMATE INFORMATION	Сн. 2, 3, 4, 5	
PROCESS UNDERSTANDING : CARBON AND BIOGEOCHEMICAL CYCLES, CLOUDS AND AEROSOLS CH. 6, 7		
FROM FORCINGS TO ATTRIBUTION OF CLIMATE CHANGE : FORCINGS, MODEL EVALUATION, D&A CH. 8, 9, 10		
FUTURE CLIMATE CHANGE AND PREDICTABILITY	Сн. 11, 12	
INTEGRATION : SEA LEVEL, CLIMATE PHENOMENA	Сн. 13, 14	
ATLAS OF GLOBAL AND REGIONAL PROJECTIONS		



EXAMPLES OF GAPS IN THE WGI AR5 ASSESSMENT

Regional aspects :

- PROJECTIONS FROM GLOBAL CLIMATE MODELS ONLY IN AR5 WGI REPORT
- REGIONAL ASPECTS IN OCEANS (E.G. UPWELLING), OCEAN EXTREME EVENTS (E.G. MARINE HEAT WAVES)
- URBAN CLIMATE KNOWLEDGE, INCLUDING AIR QUALITY

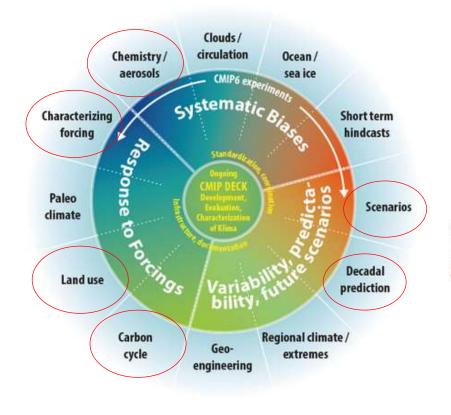
Linkage to impacts, adaptation and mitigation

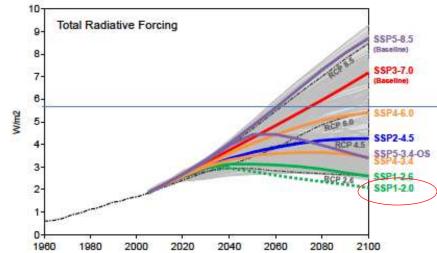
Projections, global emission pathway and long-term goals

ScenarioMIP for CMIP6, O'Neil et al, GMD Discussion 2016

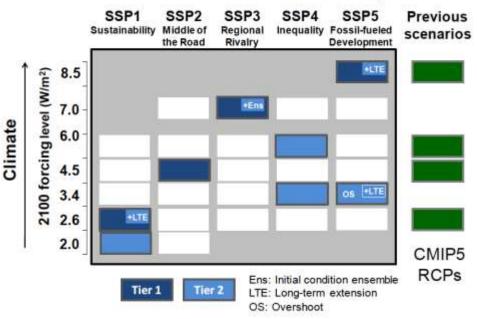


CMIP6





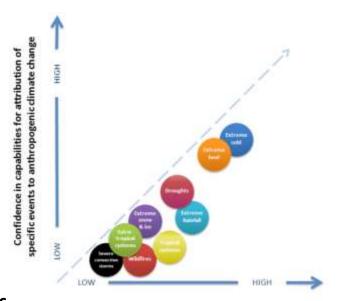
Shared Socioeconomic Pathways



Attribution of anthropogenic climate change on recent drought

- California: rainfall deficit linked to natural variability, water stress enhanced by warming trend (Griffin et al, GRL, 2014; Williams et al, GRL 2015; Diffenbaugh et al, PNAS, 2015; Cheng etal., 2016, J Clim)
- Levant region : drought twice more likely due to human influence on drying and warming trend (Bergaoui et al., 2015, BAMS; Cook et al, JGR, 2016, Kelley et al, PNAS, 2015),
- Australia : human influence on large scale drivers (Cai et al., 2014, J. Clim)
- Sahel rainfall recovery since the 1980s : role of greenhouse-gas and aerosol forcing (Dong and Sutton, Nature Climate Change, 2015)

NAS Report, Attribution of extreme weather events, 2016

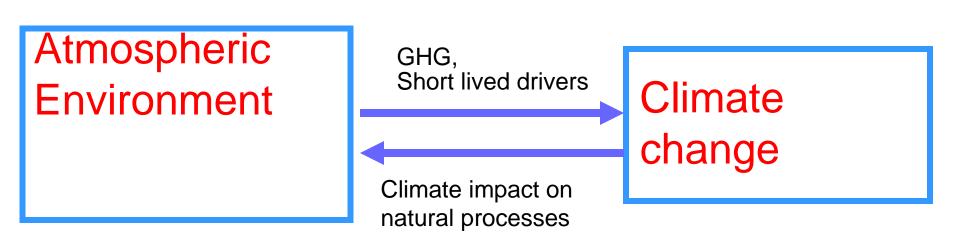


Understanding of effect of climate change on event type



INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON Climate chane

Climate change and air quality



CROSS-CUTTING ISSUES

X WGII : REGIONAL CLIMATE CHANGE AND IMPACTS

X WGIII : SCENARIOS AND PATHWAYS

X ALL WORKING GROUPS

- AIR QUALITY AND SHORT LIVED CLIMATE POLLUTANTS
- WATER AND CARBON IN A CHANGING CLIMATE
- SOLAR RADIATION MANAGEMENT AND GHG REMOVAL
- **RISK ASSESSMENT**

AR6 WGI Outline

Ch1: Framing, context, methods Ch2: Changing state of the climate system Ch3: Human influence on the climate system Ch4: Future global climate: scenario-based projections and near-term information

Processes Ch5: Global carbon, biogeochemical cycles and feedbacks Ch6: Short-lived climate forcers Ch7: The Earth's energy budget, climate feedbacks, and climate sensitivity Ch8: Water cycle changes Ch9: Ocean, cryosphere, and sea level change

Ch10: Linking global to regional climate change Ch11: Weather and climate extreme events in a changing climate Ch12: Climate change information for regional impact and risk assessment + Regional Atlas

Large scale changes

Regional Focus

AR6 WGI Outline

Ch1: Framing, context, methods Ch2: Changing state of the climate system

Ch3: Human influence on the climate system

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Link to WGIII

Link to WGII

Many Thanks!