# **Climate Change 2007:** Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability

The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) was set up jointly by the World Meteorological Organization and the United Nations Environment Programme to provide an authoritative international statement of scientific understanding of climate change. The IPCC's periodic assessments of the causes, impacts and possible response strategies to climate change are the most comprehensive and up-to-date reports available on the subject, and form the standard reference for all concerned with climate change in academia, government and industry worldwide. Through three working groups, many hundreds of international experts assess climate change in this Fourth Assessment Report. The Report consists of three main volumes under the umbrella title *Climate Change 2007*, all available from Cambridge University Press:

*Climate Change* 2007 – *The Physical Science Basis* Contribution of Working Group I to the Fourth Assessment Report of the IPCC (ISBN 978 0521 88009-1 Hardback; 978 0521 70596-7 Paperback)

*Climate Change* 2007 – *Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability* Contribution of Working Group II to the Fourth Assessment Report of the IPCC (978 0521 88010-7 Hardback; 978 0521 70597-4 Paperback)

*Climate Change 2007 – Mitigation of Climate Change* Contribution of Working Group III to the Fourth Assessment Report of the IPCC (978 0521 88011-4 Hardback; 978 0521 70598-1 Paperback)

*Climate Change* 2007 – *Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability* provides the most comprehensive and up-to-date scientific assessment of the impacts of climate change, the vulnerability of natural and human environments, and the potential for response through adaptation. The report:

- evaluates evidence that recent observed changes in climate have already affected a variety of physical and biological systems and concludes that these effects can be attributed to global warming;
- makes a detailed assessment of the impacts of future climate change and sea-level rise on ecosystems, water resources, agriculture and food security, human health, coastal and low-lying regions and industry and settlements;
- provides a complete new assessment of the impacts of climate change on major regions of the world (Africa, Asia, Australia/New Zealand, Europe, Latin America, North America, polar regions and small islands);
- considers responses through adaptation;
- explores the synergies and trade-offs between adaptation and mitigation;
- evaluates the key vulnerabilities to climate change, and assesses aggregate damage levels and the role of multiple stresses.

This latest assessment by the IPCC will form the standard scientific reference for all those concerned with the consequences of climate change, including students and researchers in ecology, biology, hydrology, environmental science, economics, social science, natural resource management, public health, food security and natural hazards, and policymakers and managers in governments, industry and other organisations responsible for resources likely to be affected by climate change.

## From reviews of the Third Assessment Report - Climate Change 2001:

'This volume makes another significant step forward in the understanding of the likely impacts of climate change on a global scale.' International Journal of Climatology

'The detail is truly amazing . . . invaluable works of reference . . . no reference or science library should be without a set [of the IPCC volumes]. . . unreservedly recommended to all readers.' *Journal of Meteorology* 

'This well-edited set of three volumes will surely be the standard reference for nearly all arguments related with global warming and climate change in the next years. It should not be missing in the libraries of atmospheric and climate research institutes and those administrative and political institutions which have to deal with global change and sustainable development.' Meteorologische Zeitschrift

'The IPCC has conducted what is arguably the largest, most comprehensive and transparent study ever undertaken by mankind . . . The result is a work of substance and authority, which only the foolish would deride.' Wind Engineering

"... the weight of evidence presented, the authority that IPCC commands and the breadth of view can hardly fail to impress and earn respect. Each of the volumes is essentially a remarkable work of reference, containing a plethora of information and copious bibliographies. There can be few natural scientists who will not want to have at least one of these volumes to hand on their bookshelves, at least until further research renders the details outdated by the time of the next survey.'

The Holocene

'The subject is explored in great depth and should prove valuable to policy makers, researchers, analysts, and students.' American Meteorological Society

### From reviews of the Second Assessment Report – Climate Change 1995:

"... essential reading for anyone interested in global environmental change, either past, present or future.... These volumes have a deservedly high reputation' Geological Magazine

'... a tremendous achievement of coordinating the contributons of well over a thousand individuals to produce an authoritative, state-of-the-art review which will be of great value to decision-makers and the scientific community at large ... an indispensable reference.' International Journal of Climatology

"... a wealth of clear, well-organized information that is all in one place ... there is much to applaud." Environment International

# **Climate Change 2007:** Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability

## Edited by

# **Martin Parry**

# **Osvaldo Canziani**

# Jean Palutikof

Co-Chair, IPCC Working Group II Co-Chair, IPCC Working Group II Head, Technical Support Unit IPCC Working Group II

# Paul van der Linden

Deputy Head, Technical Support Unit IPCC Working Group II

## **Clair Hanson**

Deputy Head, Technical Support Unit IPCC Working Group II

Contribution of Working Group II to the Fourth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change

Published for the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change



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This volume: Summary for Policymakers, Technical Summary, Chapters, Appendices, Inde Together with: Supporting material, Chapter supplementary material, Regional and subject database of references, Figures in Powerpoint from SPM and TS

The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) was established by the World Meteorological Organization and the United Nations Environment Programme in 1988 with the mandate to provide the world community with the most up-todate and comprehensive scientific, technical and socio-economic information about climate change. The IPCC multivolume assessments have since then played a major role in motivating governments to adopt and implement policies in responding to climate change, including the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the Kyoto Protocol. The "Climate Change 2007" IPCC Fourth Assessment Report could not be timelier for the world's policy makers to help them respond to the challenge of climate change.

"Climate Change 2007: Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability", is the second volume of the IPCC Fourth Assessment Report. After confirming in the first volume on "The Physical Science Basis" that climate change is occurring now, mostly as a result of human activities, this volume illustrates the impacts of global warming already under way and the potential for adaptation to reduce the vulnerability to, and risks of climate change.

Drawing on over 29,000 data series, the current report provides a much broader set of evidence of observed impacts coming from the large number of field studies developed over recent years. The analysis of current and projected impacts is then carried out sector by sector in dedicated chapters. The report pays great attention to regional impacts and adaptation strategies, identifying the most vulnerable areas. A final section provides an overview of the inter-relationship between adaptation and mitigation in the context of sustainable development.

The "Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability" report was made possible by the commitment and voluntary labour of a large number of leading scientists. We would like to express our gratitude to all Coordinating Lead Authors, Lead Authors, Contributing Authors, Review Editors and Reviewers. We would also like to thank the staff of the Working Group II Technical Support Unit and the IPCC Secretariat for their dedication in organising the production of another successful IPCC report. Furthermore, we would like to express our thanks to Dr Rajendra K. Pachauri, Chairman of the IPCC, for his patient and constant guidance to the process, and to Drs Osvaldo Canziani and Martin Parry, Co-Chairs of Working Group II, for their skillful leadership. We also wish to acknowledge and thank those governments and institutions that contributed to the IPCC Trust Fund and supported the participation of their resident scientists in the IPCC process. We would like to mention in particular the Government of the United Kingdom, which funded the Technical Support Unit; the European Commission and the Belgian Government, which hosted the plenary session for the approval of the report; and the Governments of Australia, Austria, Mexico and South Africa, which hosted the drafting sessions to prepare the report.



M. Jarraud Secretary General World Meteorological Organisation

Steins 1

A. Steiner Executive Director United Nations Environment Director

This volumes comprises the Working Group II contribution to the IPCC Fourth Assessment (AR4) and contains a Summary for Policymakers, a Technical Summary, the chapters of the Assessment and various annexes. The scope, content and procedures followed are described in the Introduction which follows.

#### Acknowledgements

This Report is the product of the work of many scientists who acted as Authors, Reviewers or Editors (details are given in the Introduction, Section E). We would like to express our sincere thanks to them for their contribution, and to their institutions for supporting their participation.

We thank the members of the Working Group II Bureau (Edmundo de Alba Alcarez, Abdelkader Allali, Lucka Kajfež-Bogataj, Geoff Love, John Stone and Jean-Pascal van Ypersele), for carrying out their duties with diligence and commitment.

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Four meetings of Authors were held during the preparation of the Report, and the governments of Austria, Australia, Mexico and South Africa, through their Focal Points, kindly agreed to act as hosts. The Approval Session of the Working Group II contribution to the Fourth Assessment was held in Brussels at the generous invitations of the Government of Belgium, through Martine Vanderstraeten, and the European Community, through Lars Mueller. We thank all these governments, institutions and individuals for their hospitality and hard work on behalf of the Working Group II process. We thank the IPCC Secretary, Renate Christ, and the Secretariat staff Jian Liu, Rudie Bourgeois, Annie Courtin, Joelle Fernandez and Carola Saibante for their efficient and courteous attention to Working Group II needs; and Marc Peeters, WMO Conference Officer, for his work on the organisation of the Brussels Approval Meeting.

Thanks go to ProClim (Forum for Climate and Global Change) and Marilyn Anderson for producing the index to this Report.

Last, but by no means least, we acknowledge the exceptional commitment of the members of the Technical Support Unit throughout the preparation of the Report: Jean Palutikof, Paul van der Linden, Clair Hanson, Norah Pritchard, Chris Sear, Carla Encinas and Kim Mack.

Rajendra Pachauri Chair IPCC

Martitar

Martin Parry Co-Chair IPCC Working Group II

**Osvaldo Canziani** Co-Chair IPCC Working Group II

# Introduction to the Working Group II Fourth Assessment Report

## A. The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change

The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) was established by the World Meteorological Organization and the United Nations Environment Programme in 1988, in response to the widespread recognition that human-influenced emissions of greenhouse gases have the potential to alter the climate system. Its role is to provide an assessment of the understanding of all aspects of climate change.

At its first session, the IPCC was organised into three Working Groups. The current remits of the three Working Groups are for Working Group I to examine the scientific aspects of the climate system and climate change; Working Group II to address vulnerabilities to, impacts of and adaptations to climate change; and Working Group III to explore the options for mitigation of climate change. The three previous assessment reports were produced in 1990, 1996 and 2001.

## **B.** The Working Group II Fourth Assessment

The decision to produce a Fourth Assessment Report was taken by the 19th Session of the IPCC at Geneva in April 2002. The report was to be more focussed and shorter than before. The Working Group II contribution was to be finalised in mid-2007. The IPCC Fourth Assessment is intended to be a balanced assessment of current knowledge. Its emphasis is on new knowledge acquired since the IPCC Third Assessment (2001). This required a survey of all published literature, including non-English language and 'grey' literature such as government and NGO reports.

Two meetings were held in 2003 to scope the Fourth Assessment, from which emerged the outline for the Working Group II Assessment submitted to IPCC Plenary 21 in November 2003 for approval and subsequent acceptance.

The Report has twenty chapters which together provide a comprehensive assessment of the climate change literature. These are shown in Table I.1. The opening chapter is on observed changes, and addresses the question of whether observed changes in the natural and managed environment are associated with anthropogenic climate change. Chapter 2 deals with the methods available for impacts analysis, and with the scenarios of future climate change which underpin these analyses. These are followed by the core chapters, which assess the literature on present day and future climate change impacts on systems, sectors and regions, vulnerabilities to these impacts, and strategies for adaptation. Chapters 17 and 18 consider possible responses through adaptation and the synergies with mitigation. The two final chapters look at key vulnerabilities, and the interrelationships between climate change and sustainability.

Chapters 9 to 16 of the Working Group II Fourth Assessment consider regional climate change impacts. The definitions of these regions are shown in Table I.2.

 Table I.1. The chapters of the Working Group II contribution to the IPCC Fourth Assessment.

#### Section A. ASSESSMENT OF OBSERVED CHANGES

1. Assessment of observed changes and responses in natural and managed systems

#### Section B. ASSESSMENT OF FUTURE IMPACTS AND ADAPTATION: SYSTEMS AND SECTORS

- 2. New assessment methods and the characterisation of future conditions
- 3. Freshwater resources and their management
- 4. Ecosystems, their properties, goods and services
- 5. Food, fibre and forest products
- 6. Coastal systems and low-lying areas
- 7. Industry, settlement and society
- 8. Human health

#### Section C. ASSESSMENT OF FUTURE IMPACTS AND ADAPTATION: REGIONS

- 9. Africa
- 10. Asia
- 11. Australia and New Zealand
- 12. Europe
- 13. Latin America
- 14. North America
- 15. Polar regions (Arctic and Antarctic)
- 16. Small islands

#### Section D. ASSESSMENT OF RESPONSES TO IMPACTS

- 17. Assessment of adaptation practices, options, constraints and capacity
- 18. Inter-relationships between adaptation and mitigation
- 19. Assessing key vulnerabilities and the risk from climate change
- 20. Perspectives on climate change and sustainability

Table I.2. Countries by region (see Chapters 9 to 16) for the Working Group II Fourth Assessment.

#### Africa

Algeria Burkina Faso Chad Djibouti Ethiopia Guinea-Bissau Libya Mauritania Niger Senegal Sudan Togo Zimbabwe

#### Asia

Afghanistan Brunei Darussalam India Israel Korea, Dem. People's Rep. Laos Myanmar Papua New Guinea Saudi Arabia Tajikistan United Arab Emirates

#### Australia and New Zealand Australia

#### Europe

Albania Azerbaijan Bulgaria Estonia Germany Italy Luxembourg Montenegro Romania Slovak Republic Switzerland Vatican City, State of

#### **Polar Regions**

Antarctic

#### **Latin America**

Argentina Chile El Salvador Honduras Paraguay Venezuela Burundi Congo, Republic of Egypt Gabon Kenya Madagascar Morocco Nigeria Sierra Leone Swaziland Tunisia

Angola

Bahrain Cambodia Indonesia Japan Korea, Republic of Lebanon Nepal Philippines Singapore Thailand Uzbekistan

#### New Zealand

Andorra Belarus Croatia Finland Greece Latvia Macedonia Norway Russia – West of the Urals Slovenia The Netherlands Armenia Belgium Czech Republic France Hungary Liechtenstein Moldova, Republic of Poland San Marino Spain Ukraine

North of 60°N (including Greenland and Iceland)

Belize Colombia French Guiana Mexico Peru Bolivia Costa Rica Guatemala Nicaragua Suriname Brazil Ecuador Guyana Panama Uruguay

North America Canada

#### United States of America

Small islands: non-autonomous small islands are also included in the assessment but are not listed here								
Antigua and Barbuda	Barbados	Cape Verde	Comoros					
Cook Islands	Cuba	Cyprus	Dominica					
Dominican Republic	Fed. States of Micronesia	Fiji	Grenada					
Haiti	Jamaica	Kiribati	Maldives					
Malta	Marshall Islands	Mauritius	Nauru					
Palau	Saint Kitts and Nevis	Saint Lucia	Saint Vincent & Grenadines					
Samoa	São Tomé & Príncipe	Seychelles	Solomon Islands					
The Bahamas	Tonga	Trinidad and Tobago	Tuvalu					
Vanuatu	-							

Benin Cameroon Congo, Democratic Rep. of Equatorial Guinea Ghana Lesotho Malawi Mozambique Reunion Somalia Tanzania Uganda

Bangladesh China Iran, Islamic Republic of Jordan Kuwait Malaysia Oman Qatar Sri Lanka Turkey Vietnam

> Austria Bosnia and Herzegovina Denmark Georgia Ireland Lithuania Monaco Portugal Serbia Sweden United Kingdom

Botswana

Eritrea

Guinea

l iberia

Namibia

Rwanda

Zambia

Bhutan

Iraq

East Timor

Kazakhstan

Mongolia

Pakistan

Turkmenistan

Syria

Yemen

Kyrgyz Republic

Russia - East of the Urals

South Africa

The Gambia

Mali

Côte d'Ivoire

Central African Republic

3

### C. Cross-chapter case studies

Early in the writing of the Working Group II contribution to the Fourth Assessment, there emerged themes of environmental importance and widespread interest which are dealt with from different perspectives by several chapters. These themes have been gathered together into 'cross-chapter case studies', which appear in their entirety at the end of the volume and are included in the CD-ROM which accompanies this volume. A 'roadmap' in Table I.3 shows where the cross-chapter case study material appears in the individual chapters.

The four cross-chapter case studies are:

- 1. The impact of the European 2003 heatwave
- 2. Impacts of climate change on coral reefs
- 3. Megadeltas: their vulnerabilities to climate change
- 4. Indigenous knowledge for adaptation to climate change

# D. Regional and subject database of references

This Assessment is based on the review of a very large amount of literature for all parts of the world and for many subjects. For those interested in accessing this literature for a given region or subject, a regional and subject database of references is provided on the CD-ROM which accompanies this volume. The database contains in full all the references in this volume and can be viewed by region and subject.

### E. Procedures followed in this Assessment by the authors, reviewers and participating governments

In total, the Working Group II Fourth Assessment involved 48 Coordinating Lead Authors (CLAs), 125 Lead Authors (LAs), and 45 Review Editors (REs), drawn from 70 countries. In addition, there were 183 Contributing Authors and 910 Expert Reviewers.

Each chapter in the Working Group II Fourth Assessment had a writing team of two to four CLAs and six to nine LAs. Led by the CLAs, it was the responsibility of this writing team to produce the drafts and finished version of the chapter. Where necessary, they could recruit Contributing Authors to assist in their task. Three drafts of each chapter were written prior to the production of the final version. Drafts were reviewed in two separate lines of review, by experts and by governments. It was the role of the REs (two to three per chapter) to ensure that the review comments were properly addressed by the authors.

The authors and REs were selected by the Working Group II Bureau from the lists of experts nominated by governments. Due regard was paid to the need to balance the writing team with proper representation from developing and developed countries, and Economies in Transition. In the review by experts, chapters were sent out to experts, including all those nominated by governments but not yet included in the assessment, together with scientists and researchers identified by the Working Group II Co-Chairs and Vice-Chairs from their knowledge of the literature and the global research community.

## F. Communication of uncertainty in the Working Group II Fourth Assessment

A set of terms to describe uncertainties in current knowledge is common to all parts of the IPCC Fourth Assessment, based on the *Guidance Notes for Lead Authors of the IPCC Fourth Assessment Report on Addressing Uncertainties*<sup>1</sup>, produced by the IPCC in July 2005.

#### Description of confidence

On the basis of a comprehensive reading of the literature and their expert judgement, authors have assigned a confidence level to the major statements in the Report on the basis of their assessment of current knowledge, as follows:

Terminology	Degree of confidence in being correct
Very high confidence	At least 9 out of 10 chance of being correct
High confidence	About 8 out of 10 chance
Medium confidence	About 5 out of 10 chance
Low confidence	About 2 out of 10 chance
Very low confidence	Less than a 1 out of 10 chance

#### Description of likelihood

Likelihood refers to a probabilistic assessment of some welldefined outcome having occurred or occurring in the future, and may be based on quantitative analysis or an elicitation of expert views. In the Report, when authors evaluate the likelihood of certain outcomes, the associated meanings are:

Terminology	Likelihood of the occurrence/ outcome
Virtually certain	>99% probability of occurrence
Very likely	90 to 99% probability
Likely	66 to 90% probability
About as likely as not	33 to 66% probability
Unlikely	10 to 33% probability
Very unlikely	1 to 10% probability
Exceptionally unlikely	<1% probability

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> http://www.ipcc.ch/activity/uncertaintyguidancenote.pdf

 Table I.3. Cross-chapter Case Studies: location in text.

The impact of the European 2003 heatwave		
Торіс:	Chapter:	Location in chapter:
Scene-setting and overview		
The European heatwave of 2003	Chapter 12	12.6.1
Impacts on sectors		
Ecological impacts of the European heatwave 2003	Chapter 4	Box 4.1
European heatwave impact on the agricultural sector	Chapter 5	Box 5.1
Industry, settlement and society: impacts of the 2003 heatwave in Europe	Chapter 7	Box 7.1
The European heatwave 2003: health impacts and adaptation	Chapter 8	Box 8.1
Impacts of climate change on coral reefs		
Present-day changes in coral reefs		
Observed changes in coral reefs	Chapter 1	Section 1.3.4.1
Environmental thresholds and observed coral bleaching	Chapter 6	Box 6.1
Future impacts on coral reefs		
Are coral reefs endangered by climate change?	Chapter 4	Box 4.4
Impacts on coral reefs	Chapter 6	Section 6.4.1.5
Climate change and the Great Barrier Reef	Chapter 11	Box 11.3
Impact of coral mortality on reef fisheries	Chapter 5	Box 5.4
Multiple stresses on coral reefs		
Non-climate-change threats to coral reefs of small islands	Chapter 16	Box 16.2
Megadeltas: their vulnerabilities to climate change		
Introduction		
	Chapter 6	Box 6.3
Introduction	Chapter 6	Box 6.3
Introduction Deltas and megadeltas: hotspots for vulnerability	Chapter 6 Chapter 10	Box 6.3 Section 10.6.1, Table 10.10
Introduction Deltas and megadeltas: hotspots for vulnerability Megadeltas in Asia	·	
Introduction Deltas and megadeltas: hotspots for vulnerability Megadeltas in Asia Megadeltas in Asia Climate change and the fisheries of the lower Mekong – an example of multiple stresses on a	Chapter 10	Section 10.6.1, Table 10.10
Introduction Deltas and megadeltas: hotspots for vulnerability Megadeltas in Asia Megadeltas in Asia Climate change and the fisheries of the lower Mekong – an example of multiple stresses on a megadelta fisheries system due to human activity	Chapter 10	Section 10.6.1, Table 10.10
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Introduction         Deltas and megadeltas: hotspots for vulnerability         Megadeltas in Asia         Megadeltas in Asia         Climate change and the fisheries of the lower Mekong – an example of multiple stresses on a megadelta fisheries system due to human activity         Megadeltas in the Arctic         Arctic megadeltas         Case study of Hurricane Katrina         Hurricane Katrina and coastal ecosystem services in the Mississippi delta         Vulnerabilities to extreme weather events in megadeltas in a context of multiple stresses: the	Chapter 10 Chapter 5 Chapter 15 Chapter 6	Section 10.6.1, Table 10.10 Box 5.3 Section 15.6.2 Box 6.4
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Introduction         Deltas and megadeltas: hotspots for vulnerability         Megadeltas in Asia         Megadeltas in Asia         Climate change and the fisheries of the lower Mekong – an example of multiple stresses on a megadelta fisheries system due to human activity         Megadeltas in the Arctic         Arctic megadeltas         Case study of Hurricane Katrina         Hurricane Katrina and coastal ecosystem services in the Mississippi delta         Vulnerabilities to extreme weather events in megadeltas in a context of multiple stresses: the case of Hurricane Katrina         Indigenous knowledge for adaptation to climate change	Chapter 10 Chapter 5 Chapter 15 Chapter 6	Section 10.6.1, Table 10.10 Box 5.3 Section 15.6.2 Box 6.4
Introduction         Deltas and megadeltas: hotspots for vulnerability         Megadeltas in Asia         Megadeltas in Asia         Climate change and the fisheries of the lower Mekong – an example of multiple stresses on a megadelta fisheries system due to human activity         Megadeltas in the Arctic         Arctic megadeltas         Case study of Hurricane Katrina         Hurricane Katrina and coastal ecosystem services in the Mississippi delta         Vulnerabilities to extreme weather events in megadeltas in a context of multiple stresses: the case of Hurricane Katrina         Indigenous knowledge for adaptation to climate change         Overview	Chapter 10 Chapter 5 Chapter 15 Chapter 6 Chapter 7	Section 10.6.1, Table 10.10 Box 5.3 Section 15.6.2 Box 6.4 Box 7.4
Introduction         Deltas and megadeltas: hotspots for vulnerability         Megadeltas in Asia         Megadeltas in Asia         Climate change and the fisheries of the lower Mekong – an example of multiple stresses on a megadelta fisheries system due to human activity         Megadeltas in the Arctic         Arctic megadeltas         Case study of Hurricane Katrina         Hurricane Katrina and coastal ecosystem services in the Mississippi delta         Vulnerabilities to extreme weather events in megadeltas in a context of multiple stresses: the case of Hurricane Katrina         Indigenous knowledge for adaptation to climate change         Overview         Role of local and indigenous knowledge in adaptation and sustainability research	Chapter 10 Chapter 5 Chapter 15 Chapter 6 Chapter 7	Section 10.6.1, Table 10.10 Box 5.3 Section 15.6.2 Box 6.4 Box 7.4
Introduction         Deltas and megadeltas: hotspots for vulnerability         Megadeltas in Asia         Megadeltas in Asia         Climate change and the fisheries of the lower Mekong – an example of multiple stresses on a megadelta fisheries system due to human activity         Megadeltas in the Arctic         Arctic megadeltas         Case study of Hurricane Katrina         Hurricane Katrina and coastal ecosystem services in the Mississippi delta         Vulnerabilities to extreme weather events in megadeltas in a context of multiple stresses: the case of Hurricane Katrina         Indigenous knowledge for adaptation to climate change         Overview         Role of local and indigenous knowledge in adaptation and sustainability research         Case studies	Chapter 10 Chapter 5 Chapter 15 Chapter 6 Chapter 7 Chapter 20	Section 10.6.1, Table 10.10 Box 5.3 Section 15.6.2 Box 6.4 Box 7.4 Box 20.1
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## G. Definitions of key terms

*Climate change* in IPCC usage refers to any change in climate over time, whether due to natural variability or as a result of human activity. This usage differs from that in the Framework Convention on Climate Change, where *climate change* refers to a change of climate that is attributed directly or indirectly to human activity that alters the composition of the global atmosphere and that is in addition to natural climate variability observed over comparable time periods.

*Adaptation* is the adjustment in natural or human systems in response to actual or expected climatic stimuli or their effects, which moderates harm or exploits beneficial opportunities.

*Vulnerability* is the degree to which a system is susceptible to, and unable to cope with, adverse effects of climate change, including climate variability and extremes. *Vulnerability* is a function of the character, magnitude, and rate of climate change and variation to which a system is exposed, the sensitivity and adaptive capacity of that system.