

# THIRTY-SECOND SESSION OF THE IPCC Busan, 11-14 October 2010

IPCC-XXXII/Doc. 23 (1.X.2010)

Agenda Item: 11.1 ENGLISH ONLY

#### **OTHER PROGRESS REPORTS**

Special Report Renewable Energy Sources and Climate Change Mitigation (SRREN)

(Submitted by the Co-Chairs of Working Group III)



#### PROGRESS REPORT

Special Report on Renewable Energy Sources and Climate Change Mitigation (SRREN)

(Submitted by the Co-Chairs of Working Group III)

#### 1. Current Status of the SRREN

At the conclusion of the SRREN LA4 (which took place September 20-24<sup>th</sup>, 2010 in Mexico City), there was agreement among the IPCC WG III Co-Chairs, the WG III Bureau Members present and the CLAs and LAs of the SRREN that additional steps are necessary to enhance the cross chapter consistency of the SRREN and to ensure the high quality of the report. As a result, a tentative management plan was adopted, including three additional targeted meetings: the first meeting would be a chapter 9 meeting, the second would involve a dedicated Task Force composed of SRREN CLAs and LAs that thoroughly checks the overall consistency of the SRREN and amends the SPM. The third meeting would be a CLA/technical summary authors' meeting during which the final changes in the chapters and the technical summary would be implemented, improving cross chapter consistency. The latter two meetings are proposed as back-to-back in mid-January, 2011, requiring additional trust fund slots not yet foreseen in the 2011 budget. If approved, these can be integrated during the financial task team meeting at P-32. The former meeting shall take place in October 2010. All these meetings are rather small and would only require a limited number of additional trust fund slots.

These additional steps would imply a postponement of the WG III approval Plenary Session, which would take place in the last week of April or first week of May, 2011 (depending on the availability of the facilities of the local host in Abu Dhabi) instead of the currently scheduled meeting 21-23 Feb 2011. As a part of this process, it is proposed that the Final Government Distribution be reduced to a six week-period.

The 32<sup>nd</sup> Session of the IPCC is held during the preparations of the final draft of the SRREN. Upcoming SRREN milestones adjusted according to the aforementioned proposal would take place as follows:

- ♦ Task Force meeting (January 13-15<sup>th</sup>, 2011)
- ♦ CLA/Technical Summary author meeting (January 17-19<sup>th</sup>, 2011)
- ♦ Final government distribution (February 21<sup>st</sup> April 4<sup>th</sup>, 2011);
- ♦ CLA preparatory meeting (depending on the availability of the facilities in Abu Dhabi, will take place for two days during either the last week in April or first week in May, 2011); and
- WG III Plenary Session for approval of the Summary for Policymakers (SPM) and acceptance of the full report (depending on the availability of the facilities in Abu Dhabi, will take place for three days during either the last week in April or first week in May, 2011), at which time the report will be prepared for publication.

The SRREN is currently very strong in some chapters, but in others comments were received during the Government and Expert Review of the SOD that necessitated substantial improvement of the quality and consistency of the text. These changes were initiated just prior to the 4<sup>th</sup> Lead Author meeting. Due to the need of improvement of these weaker portions of the text, and to ensure quality and consistency across chapters, the aforementioned additional steps have been proposed..

# 2. Progress and Activities since the 31st Session of the IPCC

# 2.1 Completion of the First Order Draft

The FOD was delivered to the WG III TSU on 14 December, 2009, at which time it was compiled into one document and sent out for external expert review. The FOD expert review period ended on 8 February, 2010.

#### 2.2 Expert Review Meeting

During the 31<sup>st</sup> session of the IPCC Plenary in Bali, Indonesia, it was agreed to hold an expert meeting within the framework of the SRREN FOD expert review period (IPCC-XXXI/Doc. 8). The meeting brought together SRREN CLAs and Expert Reviewers, the latter largely from the business community, to discuss the role of RE (in the power heat and transport sectors) in mitigating climate change, focusing comments on the SRREN FOD. The aims of the Expert Meeting included:

- 1. Provide the opportunity for direct in-depth discussion of key issues in the SRREN FOD, which are focused on renewables in the electricity, heat and transport sectors;
- 2. Facilitate and improve the integration of comments on the FOD, by allowing expert reviewers to have face-to-face discussions with the authors on the SRREN FOD text;
- 3. Increase the understanding by both authors and expert reviewers on the nature of comments within the framework of the IPCC assessment process; and
- 4. To identify and gain access to additional literature pertinent to the SRREN, to which ready access might not be otherwise available.

The IPCC WG III Expert Review Meeting was held February 1-2<sup>nd</sup>, 2010 in Washington D.C., USA, kindly hosted by the Engineering Founders Societies' Carbon Management Project. During the two days, 74 participants from 22 countries (Argentina, Bangladesh, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, China, Denmark, France, Germany, India, Ireland, Japan, Kenya, Mexico, Nepal, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Tunisia, UK, USA and Zambia) attended the meeting. The group of authors included a total of 23 CLAs and 2 LAs representing all chapters of the IPCC WG III SRREN.

The meeting lasted 2 days and consisted of a series of plenary presentations (SRREN CLA and invited guest speakers), a series of breakout groups (BOGs) and chapter booth (i.e. poster) sessions during which invited experts could speak one-on-one with SRREN CLAs to provide chapter specific feedback. The BOGs were stretched across the two days (three BOGs on the afternoon of Day 1, and three BOGs on the morning of Day 2). The results/findings of the BOGs were presented and discussed in plenary sessions. The meeting concluded with a SRREN CLA panel discussion on the implications for their chapters. The extremely valuable comments and feedback that were received during this Expert Review Meeting were compiled into a meeting summary. These comments, alongside those received during the entire FOD review process were discussed and were responded to by the CLAs and LAs in the third Lead Author Meeting held in Oxford, UK from March 2-5<sup>th</sup>, 2010. (See 2.8 3<sup>rd</sup> SRREN Lead Author Meeting).

#### 2.3 Follow-up Expert Meeting on 'Modeling Renewable Energies'

Expert meetings on 'Modeling Renewable Energies' were first approved in the 30<sup>th</sup> Session of the IPCC Plenary in Antalya, 21-23<sup>rd</sup> April 2009. The decision to proceed with a follow-up meeting was made during the 31<sup>st</sup> Session of the IPCC Plenary in Bali, Indonesia in October, 2009.

The second of these expert meetings was held on 28 February – 1 March 2010 back-to-back with the 3<sup>rd</sup> Lead Author Meeting in Oxford, UK, 2-5 March 2010. The aims of this follow-up expert meeting were to:

- 1. Further strengthen the coherence and realism of the SRREN by advancing the understanding between the modeling and technology communities;
- 2. Build on the successful and trust-building process established during the first expert meeting and facilitate continuing discussions on open questions;
- 3. Follow-up on the results and discussion based on the scenario survey carried out for and presented during the first meeting;
- 4. Develop on participants' respective insights gained during the first meeting to further enhance comparability of model representation (i) with each other and (ii) with the insights of the technology community;
- 5. Continue the analysis of 2<sup>nd</sup> best approaches outlined in the first meeting (e.g. non-optimal climate policy regimes with delayed participation of some countries, market and technology failures):

- 6. Continue to improve the understanding for technology representation in economic models (description of models and modeling approaches, inclusion of policy scenarios and modeled technologies);
- 7. Reassess the results of the technology appraisal and discuss approaches for a more coherent model representation of technologies;
- 8. Further discuss the underlying assumptions and reasons for diverging assessments of the contributions of the respective technologies.

During the meeting a clear strategy for a harmonized interaction between the assessment of model results and the assessment from the technology experts' perspective emerged. A coherent structure for discussing future deployment potentials for renewable energies was developed. The results of the model comparison undertaken in the SRREN will serve as a starting point to provide an overview of the diverging views (both optimistic and pessimistic) of the contributions of the respective technologies. The comprehensive model comparison will be complemented by the technology experts, who discuss the plausibility and preconditions of high deployment pathways from the bottom-up perspective and point to possible barriers that would need to be overcome.

Furthermore, the meeting looked at the longer-term perspective and addressed some processes and examples aimed at improving the linkages between technology experts and the integrated assessment modeling community following the publication of the SRREN and leading up to the IPCC's Fifth Assessment Report (AR5).

# 2.4 3<sup>rd</sup> Lead Author Meeting

Directly following the IPCC SRREN Follow-up Expert Meeting on Modeling Renewable Energies, the third Lead Author Meeting (LA3) of the SRREN was held in Oxford, UK from March 2-5<sup>th</sup>, 2010, hosted by the University of Oxford. The meeting followed the compilation of the FOD and the subsequent Expert Review. The purpose of the meeting was to:

- 1. discuss how the external review comments on the FOD will be taken on board by each chapter to come up with the Second Order Draft (SOD);
- 2. discuss the progress in dealing with cross-cutting issues and to assign responsibility for remaining tasks;
- 3. finalize the information transfer between the technology and summarizing chapters;
- 4. discuss the executive summaries; and
- 5. assign responsibilities and determine the next-steps for the Technical Summary and Summary for Policy Makers (SPM).

The content of the X-cut sessions was agreed with CLAs prior to LA3. In total, there were ten X-cuts during LA3 including: (1) Metrics, Concepts, Barriers and Potentials; (2) Technology Chapters; (3) Chapter 1; (4) Chapter 8 (Integration); (5) Chapter 9 (Co-benefits, Environmental & Social Impacts); (6) Chapter 10 (Scenarios); (7) Chapter 11 (Policy); (8) Low-carbon integration; (9) Topologies; and (10) Case Studies.

Amongst plenary sessions, chapter team meetings, management team meetings, X-cut sessions, and SPM and Technical Summary author team meetings, LA3 was also a productive meeting – one noteworthy achievement being the determination of author teams, and agreement on the structure and work plan for both the SPM and Technical Summary. All parties left with a clear understanding of the work-flow leading to the successful transition to the SOD.

#### 2.5 Memorandum of Understanding Signed with the IEA

The IPCC WG III Co-Chairs signed a Memorandum of Understanding with the International Energy Agency (IEA) effective July, 9<sup>th</sup>, 2010 in the context of the SRREN and the upcoming IEA World Energy Outlook 2010 (WEO 2010). The Memorandum signifies cooperation between the two bodies and is an agreement of common interest and continued contact as the two reports proceed toward publication. The full Memorandum is attached to this Report as Annex I.

#### 2.6 Completion of the Second Order Draft

The SOD was delivered to the WG III TSU on 7 June, 2010, at which time it was compiled into one document and sent out for Government and Expert Review. The SOD Government and Expert review period ended on 16 August, 2010.

# 2.7 4<sup>th</sup> Lead Author Meeting

The fourth Lead Author Meeting (LA4) of the SRREN was held in Mexico City, Mexico from 20-24 September, 2010, hosted by the Mexican Government through the National Institute of Ecology. The meeting followed the compilation of the SOD and the subsequent Government and Expert Review. The purpose of the meeting was to:

- 1. discuss how the Government and Expert review comments on the SOD will be taken on board by each chapter in preparation of the final draft;
- 2. discuss the final remaining questions in dealing with cross-cutting issues;
- 3. assure consistency between the different chapters (same numbers on potentials, costs, etc...);
- 4. discuss the first draft of the SPM and Technical Summary; and
- 5. determine the next-steps in preparation of the Technical Summary and Summary for Policy Makers (SPM).

The content of the X-cut sessions was agreed with CLAs prior to LA4. In total, there were 8 X-cuts during LA4 including: (1) Glossary; (2) Cost Table; (3) Primary Energy (4) Electricity Integration (Technology Chapters) (5) Electricity Integration (Integrative Chapters) (6) Energy Efficiency (7) Potentials (8) Social and Environmental Impacts.

The overriding issue that came apparent in the course of the meeting is the necessity for additional steps to improve the cross-chapter consistency. This would involve three additional small meetings and has also implications for the SRREN's timeline, as already mentioned in Section 1 of this progress report. Furthermore, amongst plenary sessions, chapter team meetings, management team meetings, X-cut sessions, and SPM and Technical Summary author team meetings, LA4 was very fruitful – noteworthy achievements including the restructuring of the SPM, and agreement across chapters on the presentation of technical potential and costs as well as substantial improvements of certain sections of Chapters 8 and 9 that received numerous comments. All parties left with a clear understanding of the work-flow leading to the successful transition to the final draft.

#### 3. Amendments

Following the 31<sup>st</sup> session of the IPCC Plenary held in Bali, Indonesia in October, 2009 and throughout the subsequent period of FOD preparations, Expert Review, SOD preparations, and Government and Expert Review several amendments to the SRREN structure and author team have been recognized as necessary to improve the logical flow and readability of the SRREN and to ensure adequate contributions respectively. These amendments are detailed below.

# 3.1 Structure

# Chapter 1 (Renewable Energy and Climate Change)

The original sub-chapter 1.6 Methodology (resource assessment, life-cycle assessment, setting boundaries for analysis, measures of sustainability, definitions, units qualitative and quantitative, integration methods) is proposed to be shifted to the end of the report as Annex II. Like the glossary, this Methodology section is a general information piece for the entire report, rather than substantive material and is therefore better placed at the end of the report as reference material. Structurally, it had interrupted the flow of information between the chapters. By moving it to an Annex, the reader is better able to follow the storyline between Ch. 1 and the rest of the report.

#### Chapter 5 (Hydropower)

A new sub-chapter on integration into water management systems was approved at the 31<sup>st</sup> session of the IPCC Plenary. To accompany this change, the original title of *5.7 Prospects for technology improvement and innovation, and multi-purpose use of reservoirs* is proposed to be changed to *5.7 Prospects for Technology Improvement and Innovation*. The original title of 5.7 should be amended

to reflect the change in content of the sub-section – the relevant content of which was shifted to 5.10 Integration into water management systems.

# Chapter 9 (Renewable Energy in the Context of Sustainable Development)

Two changes are suggested to improve the coherence and readability of Chapter 9. The changes would affect sections 9.3 and 9.5 respectively:

The *current* relevant existing sub-chapter headings read:

- 9.3 Environmental impacts: global and regional assessment
- 9.4 Socio-economic impacts: global and regional assessment (energy supply security)
- 9.5 Implications of (sustainable) development pathways for renewable energy
- 9.6 Synthesis (consequences of including environmental and socio-economic considerations on the potential for renewable energy, sustainability criteria)

The amended relevant sub-chapter headings would read:

- 9.3 Social, environmental and economic impacts: global and regional assessment
- 9.4 Implications of (sustainable) development pathways for renewable energy
- 9.5 Barriers and opportunities for renewable energy in the context of sustainable development
- 9.6 Synthesis (consequences of including environmental and socio-economic considerations on the potential for renewable energy, sustainability criteria)

In the new section 9.3, two previous sections (9.3 Environmental impacts: global and regional assessment and 9.4 Socio-economic impacts: global and regional assessment) would be merged to improve the analysis of social, environmental and economic impacts of renewable energy technologies. It became apparent during the different drafting stages of Chapter 9 that the distinction between environmental and socio-economic impacts as it was laid out in the outline could not always be strictly adhered to and caused unwanted overlap between the two sections. The suggested change will not result in the removal of information from the assessment but instead allow for a more focused and concise look at the impacts of RE technologies with respect to a number of sustainable development (SD) aspects.

In the current Second Order Draft of Chapter 9, the authors proposed to include a new section 9.5, titled "Policy framework for renewable energy in the context of sustainable development". In its current format, this section concentrates on possible policy instruments for RE but neglects approaches that focus on or support sustainable development. To improve the focus and presentation of this information, an alternative section title has been agreed with the authors and is now presented in this progress report as presented above. The new suggested title would concentrate the discussion of section 9.5 on barriers and opportunities for renewable energy in the context of sustainable development including global, regional and local perspectives.

#### Chapter 10 (Mitigation Potential and Costs)

In light of the very successful IPCC WG III Expert Meetings 'Modeling Renewable Energies; Coherence Between Model Assumptions and Latest Technological Knowledge', the follow-up Expert Meeting on Modeling Renewable Energies, and new data and literature it is proposed that the titles of 10.2, 10.3 10.4 and 10.7 will be amended according to the structure below to follow a more logical order.

The *current* relevant existing sub-chapter headings read:

- 10.2 Methodological Issues
- 10.3 Assessment and Synthesis of Scenarios for Different Renewable Energy Strategies (top-down and bottom-up)
- 10.4 Cost Curves for Mitigation with Renewable Energies
- 10.7 Gaps in Knowledge and Uncertainties

The *amended* relevant sub-chapter headings would read:

- 10.2 Synthesis of mitigation scenarios for different renewable energy strategies
- 10.3 Assessment of representative mitigation scenarios for different renewable energy strategies

10.4 Regional cost curves for mitigation with renewable energies (regional, sectoral, temporal, impacts of climate change on mitigation potential)

The content of the original 10.2 (Methodological Issues) is proposed to be integrated in each relevant sub-section, where appropriate. Similarly, the content of the original 10.7 (Gaps in knowledge and uncertainties) would appear at the end of the relevant sub-sections, where appropriate. The original10.3 (Assessment and synthesis of scenarios for different renewable energy strategies (top-down and bottom-up)) would be shifted to section 10.2 and would deal as before with an overview of medium to long-term global, aggregated models. The original section 10.4 (cost curves for mitigation with renewable energy) would be split into 2 new sections 10.3 and 10.4. The new 10.3 (Assessment of representative mitigation scenarios for different renewable energy strategies) investigates those models further that have greater technological detail. The new 10.4 (regional cost curves for mitigation with renewable energy) extends on the old 10.4 and goes into further technical detail dealing with regional resource cost curves and mitigation cost curves. All content from the chapter outline has been retained.

# Chapter 11 (Policy, Financing and Implementation)

The title of sub-section 11.4 is proposed to be amended from 11.4 Barriers to renewable energy implementation to 11.4 Barriers to renewable energy policy-making and financing. Because of extensive cross-cutting discussions on barriers throughout LA2 and LA3, and agreements to cover the full list of barriers to renewable energy implementation in Chapter 1 while covering only barriers to renewable energy policy-making and financing in Chapter 11, this change is needed to clearly convey the content of the sub-section. The content of the original sub-section will not be lost, but simply shifted to Chapter 1.

#### Annex III (Cost Table)

An additional annex has been added at the end of the SRREN in which detailed cost information contributed by the technology chapters is compiled. This annex contains a range of current cost and performance parameters necessary to calculate levelized cost of energy (LCOE) for each technology. Based on this information, LCOEs were (re-)calculated by applying the same discount rates to all technologies and thereby ensuring comparability. (Re-)calculating LCOEs, instead of just summarizing LCOE values available in the literature, was necessary in order to eliminate methodological differences that are regularly not made transparent, e.g. with respect to the applied discount rates, but also with respect to other LCOE determinants like assumed lifetime of the technology and its degree of utilization. Hence, this approach ensures consistency of the cost information used for comparison of technologies and increases transparency for the review with respect to the assumptions necessary for determining LCOEs as one comparable indicator of energy costs of each respective technology.

#### 3.2 Authors & Review Editors

The WG III Bureau has agreed to the following amendments to the SRREN Author teams:

#### Chapter 1 (Renewable Energy and Climate Change)

Arturo Villavicencio (Equador) and Wim Turkenburg (Netherlands) have had their LA titles revoked for inactivity in the SRREN process.

In order to fill the void of two inactive LAs, Dr. Kevin Urama (Kenya) has become part of the Chapter 1 author team as an LA.

#### Chapter 2 (Bioenergy)

Helena Chum (Brazil/USA), previously a CA for Chapter 2, has been elevated to LA. Ms. Chum has attended both LA3 and LA4 at the request of the Chapter's CLAs and has played a prominent role in shaping that chapter. She has contributed above and beyond the requirements of a CA.

# Chapter 3 (Direct Solar Energy)

Nagwa Mohameds Khattab (Egypt) has had her LA title revoked for inactivity in the SRREN process.

#### Chapter 4 (Geothermal Energy)

Luis Gutierrez-Negrin (Mexico), previously a CA for Chapter 4, will be elevated to LA. Mr. Gutierrez-Negrin has attended both LA2 and LA3 at the request of the Chapter's CLAs and has played a prominent role in shaping that chapter. He has contributed above and beyond the requirements of a CA.

# Chapter 6 (Ocean Energy)

Jose Manuel Moreno Rodriguez (WG II Vice Chair - Spain) has been added as an RE alongside Amjad Abdulla (WG II Vice-Chair - Maldives) and Yage You (External - China). Mr. Abdulla was unable to attend LA3, so Mr. Rodriguez has been appointed to assure that the role of review editor for Chapter 6 is sufficiently filled.

# Chapter 7 (Wind Energy)

Tetsuya Kogaki (Japan), who had been selected as external RE for this chapter, was unfortunately unable to attend LA3 due to other commitments and therefore had to be replaced. The new RE is Christian Kjaer (Denmark).

# Chapter 8 (Integration of RE into Present and Future Energy Systems)

Mark O'Malley (Ireland), LA of SRREN Chapter 7 and previously CA for Chapter 8, along with Hannele Holttinen (Finland) and Damian Flynn (United Kingdom) have been elevated to LAs. Mr. O'Malley, Ms. Holttinen and Mr. Flynn have played prominent roles in Section 8.2.1 beyond the requirements of CAs.

Eric Martinot (USA) had his LA title revoked for inactivity in the SRREN process.

# Chapter 9 (RE in the Context of Sustainable Development)

Oswaldo Lucon (Brazil) has been elevated from his current status of LA to CLA of Chapter 9, alongside Jayant Sathaye (USA) and Atiq Rahman (Bangladesh). This is based on the experience of both the TSU and of Chapter 9 LAs in the preparation of the ZOD and the FOD. Mr. Lucon's leadership was well-received by the rest of the chapter team during LA3. His continuing contribution as CLA is necessary to assure that this important chapter delivers the high quality that is expected of the IPCC.

In addition, Hassan Wardi (Sudan) has had his LA title revoked for inactivity in the SRREN process.

Jeffrey Logan (USA) has been added as an RE alongside Volodymyr Demkine (External – UNEP Kenya) and Ismail Elgizouli (IPCC WG III Vice Chair and acting Vice Chair of the IPCC – Sudan). Mr. Demkine was unable to attend LA4, so Mr. Logan has been appointed to assure that the role of review editor for Chapter 9 is sufficiently filled.

# Chapter 10 (Mitigation Potential and Costs)

Sibi Bonfils (Ivory Coast) has had his LA title revoked for inactivity in the SRREN process. Following discussions with the CLAs of Chapter 10, Mr. Bonfils will remain engaged in the process as a Contributing Author.

# Chapter 11 (Policy, Financing and Implementation)

Semereab Habtetsion (Eritrea) has had his LA title revoked for inactivity in the SRREN process.

#### Annex I: Memorandum of Understanding







# MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE INTERNATIONAL ENERGY AGENCY AND THE

# INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON CLIMATE CHANGE WORKING GROUP III

Whereas, the International Energy Agency's ("IEA") Office of the Chief Economist ("OCE") and the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change's ("IPCC") Working Group III ("IPCC WG III"), represented in practice by the Working Group III Technical Support Unit ("WG III TSU"), wish to cooperate in the context of:

- (a) the upcoming IEA *World Energy Outlook* 2010 ("*WEO* 2010"), which the IEA anticipates releasing in November 2010;
- (b) the IPCC Special Report on Renewable Energy Sources and Climate Change Mitigation ("SRREN"), which the IPCC anticipates will be accepted by the IPCC-Plenary in February 2011; and
- (c) the IPCC WG III Contribution to the Fifth Assessment Report of the IPCC ("WG III AR5"),

the IEA and the IPCC have reached the following understandings:

- 1. the OCE and the WG III TSU will keep in regular contact via telephone and email, updating each another with relevant information on the progress of their respective work in relation to the *WEO* 2010, the SRREN and the WG III AR5;
- 2. the OCE and the WG III TSU will hold joint meetings regularly (including tele- and video-conferencing where necessary) so as to outline synergies and complementary issues in the WEO 2010 and the SRREN:
- 3. the OCE will contribute to the IPCC expert review process for the SRREN and the WG III AR5, and will provide comments on the Second Order Draft of the SRREN (during the Expert and Government Review Period between June 18th and August 16th, 2010) and also on consecutive drafts of the WG III AR5, at dates yet to be determined;
- 4. certain IPCC bureau members and authors, as mutually agreed between the IPCC WG III and the OCE, will contribute to the WEO 2010 review process by providing comments on a draft version of the WEO 2010;
- 5. with respect to the WEO 2010 review process, the IPCC WG III understands that the IEA intends to provide a draft version of the WEO 2010 to the above IPCC bureau members and authors on 31 July 2010, with those members and authors providing comments to the OCE no later than 23 August 2010;

- 6. if timing permits, prior to publication of the WEO 2010, the OCE will provide to WG III TSU the final model results and analysis from the WEO 2010, in which the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development ("OECD")/IEA holds the copyright, that will be reflected in the WEO 2010 (including certain data relating to regional renewable energy supply and demand);
- 7. to the extent that the IEA provides data and information from the WEO 2010 to the IPCC WG III, the IPCC WG III agrees:
- (a) not to disclose to any third party any information in the draft version of the WEO 2010 prior to publication of the WEO 2010;
- (b) following publication of the WEO 2010, not to disclose to any third party any information that was in the draft version of the WEO 2010 that is not also reproduced in the published version of the WEO 2010; and
- (c) not to disclose to any third party at any time any model results and data that the IEA provides to WG III TSU,

without the IEA's prior written permission;

- 8. to the extent that the WG III TSU incorporates data and information from the *WEO* 2010 into IPCC WG III work, as permitted by paragraph 7 above, the WG III TSU will clearly and prominently cite the *WEO* 2010 as the source of such data and information;
- 9. without the prior written permission of the IPCC WG III, the OCE agrees:
- (a) not to disclose any information in any of the draft versions of the SRREN (including the First Order Draft, Second Order Draft and Final Draft) and the WG III AR5 prior to publication of the SRREN and the Fifth Assessment Report of the IPCC ("AR5") respectively; and
- (b) following publication of the SRREN and the AR5, the OCE agrees not disclose any information in any draft versions of the SRREN and the AR5 that is not reproduced in the published versions of the SRREN and the AR5;
- 10. both the IEA and the IPCC will ensure that their experts, employees, agents, representatives, bureau members, interns and other personnel will observe the requirements of paragraphs 7, 8 and 9 of this Memorandum:
- 11. for the purposes of this Memorandum, any information that is described as confidential when it is communicated by one party to the other party, other than the information described and dealt with in paragraphs 7 and 9, must be kept confidential by the receiving party. This provision survives expiry or termination of this Memorandum;
- 12. this Memorandum is established for a period of twelve (12) months. The Memorandum will be automatically continued for another period of twelve (12) months unless either party gives written notice to the other party at least thirty (30) days before the date of expiry of the Memorandum. Either party may terminate this Memorandum at any time on thirty (30) days' prior written notice to the other party;
- 13. this Memorandum will be taken to be signed by the IPCC as of the latest date of signature of the three signatories. This Memorandum will take effect as of the later date of signature of the IEA or the IPCC; and

14. this Memorandum may be signed in counterparts, each of which will be deemed to be an original and together will constitute one entire document.	
Date: For the IPCC:	In Paris Date: For the IEA:
Ottmar Edenhofer (in Potsdam) IPCC WG III Co-Chair Date:	Ambassador Richard H. Jones Deputy Executive Director
Ramon Pichs (in Havana) IPCC WG III Co-Chair Date:	
Youba Sokona (in Tunis) IPCC WG III Co-Chair	